

# The Mountain Advocate.

Official Organ of the Republican Party in Knox County.

New Series: Vol. I. No. 48.

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, AUG., 9, 1912

Vol. IX. No. 26

## CONGRESSMAN POWERS MAKE PLEA FOR HARMONY

Shows Why Fight Is Being Made Against Him and  
Urges Republican Voters to Stand by  
the Old Log Cabin

An Ardent Admirer of Colonel Roosevelt and Would Support Him If He Claimed to be Rightful Nominee

Barbourville, Ky.,

August 2, 1912.

To the Republicans of the 11th District:

I had not deemed it necessary before opening up my campaign to state my position upon the public questions now before the country for solution but since those who are trying to destroy me are taking advantage of my silence, I will state as lengthily as I can in a newspaper article, my views.

To begin with, I did not believe that President Taft ought to have become a candidate to have succeeded himself; but after he did become a candidate and said that "death alone" would prevent him from submitting his claims to the Chicago Convention for a re-nomination for President, I felt that to repudiate him and the present Republican Administration would be a millstone around the neck of the man who was nominated and would cause his defeat and destruction as well as the defeat of the party. In that state of case he would have been forced to the position of asking the public to put confidence in us and restore us to power when we had put no confidence in ourselves and had repudiated the last things we had stood for and done. Such experiments have been tried several times in National Politics by both Political Parties and invariably and without a single exception it has resulted in defeat and disaster to the Political Party that tried it. It was so when Blaine defeated President Arthur for re-nomination and then was himself defeated. It was so when Bryan ran on a platform repudiating the Cleveland administration. It was so when Douglas defeated President Buchanan for re-nomination and then was himself defeated. It was so when Scott defeated Filmore for re-nomination and then was himself defeated in the final election. It was so when the brilliant and gifted Henry Clay defeated President Tyler for a re-nomination and then was himself defeated in the final election. It has always and invariably been so in the history of both Political Parties in this country and without a single exception. I did not believe that even Roosevelt could win under such conditions. I felt that it meant his political ruin. I did not believe that he ought to permit himself to be thus sacrificed. I felt that if the Republican Party was in a bad now politically that President Taft and not Colonel Roosevelt had gotten it into that fix and since Taft insisted on running and making inevitable the defeat of the man who might defeat him in the Convention, I felt that he ought to be sacrificed if any body had to be, and not the man he defeated in the convention. Colonel Roosevelt might have won if he had been nominated and I am inclined to believe now that he would have done it, although it has never been done in the history of this country before. For these reasons and for the further reason that he stood by me in my troubles, I did not want him to become a candidate and risk and lose his all, but I thought he should save himself for four years hence and the eyes of the whole country would have turned to him for leadership and the Republicans could again

have been swept back to power. I thought then that that was the wise course for Colonel Roosevelt to pursue and I have no doubt of it now.

Besides I was connected with the Taft administration. I felt it my duty to get all I could from it for my district, and I knew that I would be in a bad shape to get things from it for the district, if I made warfare upon it. So for these and other reasons I said I was for the re-nomination of President Taft. Colonel Roosevelt became a candidate. I was urged to come to the district and make a fight against him. I positively declined, and my declination has insured the enmity to me of both President Taft and Senator Bradley as has been recently evidenced in the Middlesboro and Harlan Postoffice fights.

It has been urged that I should be defeated by some of those who say that President Taft stole his nomination because my name they say will appear on the same ballot with him. Whatever stealing was done in Kentucky, in the Eleventh District, at Chicago or elsewhere, he it much, little or none, I am not responsible for that stealing. I was not even in the Eleventh District, or Chicago at the time.

I was in Washington trying faithfully to perform my duty as your public servant. I was not elected to Congress to nominate a candidate for President. I did not come to the district to try to dictate what position the people should take in the race between Colonel Roosevelt and President Taft. The people of the Eleventh District are freemen and amply able to take care of themselves without any interference on my part, but I am being severely criticised now by my enemies for being silent, and not being wrought up to a white heat of frenzy. If I had come to the district either for Roosevelt or Taft my enemies would have said: "Let him go back to Washington. We didn't elect him to come down here and try to dictate what the people of the district should do." Let it be remembered now and hereafter that nothing I can do will be praised by my detractors, but everything I do will be criticised and condemned by them. Even some of my friends who are for both Colonel Roosevelt and myself are saying: "We are for Powers, but he must get off that Taft ticket." What have I done that I should get off the Republican ticket and out from under the log cabin, the Republican device? My nomination has been fairly and honestly obtained. I got it without opposition, or will get it to-morrow. If anybody should get off the Republican ticket shouldn't it be those whose nominations have not been fairly obtained? I am responsible only for the way in which I was nominated. As far as I know, no Republican in this district has ever said before that it was discreditable to be fairly and honestly nominated for Congress by the Republican Party of this great district and have his name put on the ballot under the log cabin, the Republican device.

**Powers is Opposed to the Formation of a New Political Party.**

There are good Republicans and good men scattered over the district taking the position that President Taft stole his nomination and

that no honest man should uphold it, and that it is our duty as self-respecting citizens to leave the Republican Party and form a new political organization distinct from and independent of the Republican Party, and which in the future will fight the Republican Party as we are now fighting the Democratic Party. Suppose President did steal his nomination at Chicago (and that is for him to explain and defend, not me) does that justify the formation of a new Political Party, that will be fighting the Republican Party in the future as we are now fighting the Democratic Party?

If for any reasons we do not approve of the things done by the Pastor of our church, should we forsake our faith and destroy the church and join some other creed? If President Taft has done things so bad that any Republican voter in this district cannot in good conscience vote for him in November, wouldn't it be better to get rid of Mr. Taft by voting against him than to leave and destroy the Republican Party? Ought the great Republican Party be doomed and damned because of what a few of its members have done?

**Powers Will Vote For Roosevelt If He Remains in the Republican Party, But Not Otherwise**

While I never scratched a ticket in my life, still if Colonel Roosevelt decides when his convention meets in Chicago on the 5th of August not to leave the Republican Party and if he will run for President on a Republican platform claiming to be the rightful nominee of the Republican Party, I will give him my support. I believe in fairness and honesty in elections. I have preached this doctrine all my life and all over this district. I believe in it to-day as much as I ever did. I have never received a stolen vote or obtained an unfair nomination, or election and if Colonel Roosevelt will stay in the Republican Party and run for President on a Republican platform claiming to be its rightful nominee I will advocate his election, but if he leaves the Republican Party and turns upon and tries to permanently destroy it, I cannot as much as I admire Colonel Roosevelt join with him in that course. I am a Republican. I have fought for the life of the Republican Party in this State and it has fought for mine. It has grown from a little handful of men to be an aggressive Militia and at times the dominant Political Party in this commonwealth. Not for my right arm would I turn upon and try to seek its ruin, or do that which would tend seek its ruin. I have received too many favors at its hands and fought its battles too long to desert it now when dangers from without and within threaten its life. It has been said to me that I ought to join the Bull Moose Party if Col. Roosevelt forms one; that is the popular thing to do in this district. My answer to that is that I had rather be defeated for Congress fighting to save the life of the Republican Party than to win, affiliating with a movement to ruin it. When trouble came to the brave men on the Titanic in mid-ocean, they did not desert the ship but went down with it; but the Republican Party in this district at least will not go down. The Republican Party of this great nation, with more achievements to its record than any political party in the history of the world, has honored Col. Roosevelt by electing him to the highest office within the gift of the people. He should not now turn upon and try to destroy that party because he has been wronged by a few pirates and bosses for whose conduct the great body of the Republican Party is in no sense responsible. Nominations for President in the future will be made through Presidential Pre-

ferential Primaries and the method used in nominating a candidate for President at Chicago will never again be resorted to in making another Presidential nomination in this country. In many of the states they now have these Preferential Primaries and they will soon have them in all.

**The Result if the Bull Moose Party is Formed**

Colonel Roosevelt should look well to the effect on the Republican Party before trying to organize a new one. The cause of the Republican Party is greater than the cause of any one man. He ought to remember that the very life of the party is at stake and that if the Third party is formed it will result in the election of a Democratic President not only this year but may turn the country over to the Democratic Party for years to come, not only in the nation but in the various counties and districts, and states. President Taft has been honored. Col. Roosevelt has been honored, and both honored by the Republican Party. Both men ought to be too big to do anything that would destroy the Republican Party. If President failed at Chicago, will Col. Roosevelt also fail by leaving the Republican Party and forming a new one? The Chicago Convention will tell.

**What Will Happen in the 11th District if Bull Moose Party is Formed**

Take the 11th district for example, the Gibraltar of Republicanism, and we will have in every county in it in the future, the Democratic Party, the Republican Party, and the Bull Moose or National Progressive Party and as a result of this division in the Republican ranks the Democrat Party will elect county officers in half of the counties in the district, and you will see some of the meanest politics that this district has witnessed in many years.

**Powers Offers Advice**

If I should presume to advise my brother Republicans in the district it would be not to leave the Republican Party. Vote as your conscience dictates that you should vote in this election, but be Republicans and keep cool and do not take your brother Republican by the throat because he happens to differ from you. A crisis is on. Neither you or I are responsible for it. Things cannot be settled right in madness and anger.

**It will not Materially Help either Taft or Roosevelt if every Republican Voter in this District should Go for the one or Against the Other.**

With the Republican Party split as it is every sane man knows that this state will largely go Democratic. The Presidential Electors are elected not by the various Congressional Districts but by the state at large and if the state goes Democratic Woodrow Wilson will get all the electors, so it really makes no material difference to either Taft or Roosevelt how the 11th district goes. Neither Roosevelt nor Taft will get a single electoral vote in this state—not one.

**The Purpose of the Fight is to Defeat Powers for Congress**

That being true and nobody disputes it, what is the purpose of all this furor in the 11th district. The purpose is to defeat me for Congress. My enemies are taking advantage of Col. Roosevelt's popularity in the district to try to defeat me for Congress with another candidate, not on his own, but on Roosevelt's popularity and ninety-five per cent of the Democrats of the district are rejoicing as they have never rejoiced before.

Continued on second page

## DO BUSINESS WITH "UNCLE SAM'S" BANK

If you want to keep your money where "Uncle Sam" keeps his money, put it in the

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

of Barbourville, Kentucky.

Your "Uncle Sam" knows the safest and best banks. He will not keep his money in any except the safest and best banks.

*This Bank is Absolutely Safe*

It is a United States Depository, and pays 3% on time deposits.

*Open an account with this bank*

## Dr. J. E. Faulkner Dentist



Office  
Phone  
No. 121

Residence  
No. 157

NEW AND MODERN EQUIPMENT

Offices Over T. F. Faulkner & Co's. Store

## FOR SALE

The Barbourville Brick and Tile Company offers for sale the most modern and up-to-date plant in the south for the manufacture of building brick. More orders always on hand than we can take care of.

**A GREAT BARGAIN**

For further particulars call on or address the

BARBOURVILLE BRICK & TILE CO.,  
"Dishman Building"  
Barbourville, Ky.

## HIGH COST OF LIVING REDUCED

Being well dressed is part of the high cost of living; and buying such clothes as

**Hart, Shaffner & Marx**

make, at anything less than usual prices, is an easy and satisfactory way to reduce the cost. There are some very exceptional bargains here waiting you.

\$25.00 coat & pants	\$16.98	\$16.50 coat & pants	\$11.98
22.50 " " "	15.48	15.00 " " "	10.48
20.00 " " "	14.98	12.50 " " "	8.48
18.00 " " "	12.48	10.00 " " "	6.98

**Some Special Bargains in Walkover Shoes**

\$4.00 Oxfords at \$2.98      \$3.50 Oxfords at \$2.48  
Tans, gunmetal and patent leather

**SMITH, RILEY & CO.**

INCORPORATED

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

**Beginning Life.**

It is a sad thing to begin life with low conceptions of it. It may not be possible for a young man to measure life; but it is possible to say: "I am resolved to put life to its noblest and best use."—T. T. Munger.

**Extremes of Temperature.**

Water freezes every night the year round in Alto Cruero, Bolivia; while at noon each day the sun is hot enough to blister the flesh. Above all others, it is the place where extremes meet.



# THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT  
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

CHAS. D. COLE.....EDITOR

Entered as Second-Class Matter February  
16, 1904 at the Postoffice at Barbourville,  
Ky., under Act of Congress of March 3, 1979.

One Dollar Per Year in Advance

The Official Organ of the Republican  
Party in Knox County.

## BULL MOOSE PARTY

Last Thursday at Corbin a number of delegates from several counties of the Eleventh Congressional met and completed their organization of a Third or Progressive Party. This movement has been on foot since the Chicago convention in July and Thursday's meeting completed the organization. At this convention delegates were elected to attend the National Convention at Chicago which was held Monday of this week, and a candidate was nominated to oppose Hon. Caleb Powers for his re-election to Congress.

Since the Republican convention the Advocate has taken but little hand in the political arguments arising over the leaders of the Republican and the so-called Progressive Party, having friends on both sides, and although we have always been straight out Republican we have respected the views and convictions of the Roosevelt followers. Among these were good honest men who claim that they could not support President Taft for re-election owing to the circumstances and conditions that existed at the Chicago Convention. So far, so good, but—what about the nomination of Caleb Powers? Was there ever any question regarding the fairness in which he procured the nomination? There was not, nor will the most radical Progressive make such claim, and yet they meet in a body at Corbin and repudiate his nomination and put out a candidate to oppose him. Yet these men claim to be Progressive Republicans. No man who pretends to be a Republican could conscientiously bolt the Republican nominee who was nominated without opposition and still hold to such claim. Therefore we shall feel no hesitancy in lending our entire support to the Republican ticket and opposing any Third or Progressive party, feeling as we do that the main purpose of the organization of this party was not for supporting a third Presidential candidate but was for the purpose of trying to defeat the regular Republican nominee in the 11th Congressional District.

## Congressman Powers Makes Plea for Harmony

Continued from first page

## Democrats Want Bull Moose Party Formed, and Agree for Democratic Nominee to Withdraw

They want the Bull Moose Party formed. It has been agreed that if the Republicans would form a National Progressive Party in this district (which would tend of course to permanently disrupt the Republican Party) and would nominate a man for Congress against me that the Democratic nominee for Congress in this district would withdraw from the race, so the Democrats could join with the third party candidate to defeat me. That is the arrangement. That will be done.

## Democratic Aid Society

The Bull Moose Party met in Corbin yesterday and nominated its candidate. It is now up to the Democratic candidate to withdraw which he will do before the November election. One of the delegates who returned from the Corbin Convention said that it was a "Democratic Aid Society."

## Says Powers is Not Progressive

Their excuse for making a nomination against me is that I am not a Progressive; that I have not voted for Progressive measures before Congress; that I am not in accord with Progressive Policies. I would like to know when the men who composed the Corbin Convention became Progressives? What do they call Progressivism? What has any one of them done to show that he is more Progressive than I am? I defy a comparison of my record as a Progressive with the record not only of the candidate nominated against me but with the record of any man who was a delegate to the Corbin Convention or participated in the nomination of my opponent, yes with the record of any man who has ever represented this district in Congress.

## Questions of Progressivism Should Have Been Submitted at Republican Primary

Whether I am too much of a Progressive or too little of a Progressive is a question that those opposing me had a right to submit, at state expense, in the Republican Primary which nominated me. That was the time and that was the place to have settled that question. My enemies did not dare to submit it there. I am not going to Progress outside of the Republican Party but when all these storms are over, I am going to be found at home in the log cabin. Senator La Follette, the father of Progressivism, and the leading Progressive Candidate for President, advises his friends not to leave the Republican Party. Most all of the other leading Progressives of the country take the same position. I believe in standing for all salutary measures, but staying within the Republican Party.

## What Powers Voted For

During my short stay in Congress I have voted for the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people. I voted for the excise tax. I voted for the dollar a day pension bill. I voted to protect the laboring man from being unjustifiably harassed by court injunctions. I voted for a measure to give better protection to miners. I voted for the Parcel Post. I voted for Federal aid to Good Roads. I voted for publicity of campaign funds both in primary and general election and other Progressive measures which I thought to be to the best interest to the people of the 11th District. I stood pat when things went right. I insured when things get wrong.

## Powers Challenges His Opponents to Meet Him in Joint Debate

The best way to determine whether or not I have stood for the best interests of the people of this district is for my opponents to meet me in joint discussion and in my presence and when I have an opportunity to defend myself, point out if they can do it, where I have been wrong in the things I have stood for, or wrong in my position on the public questions before the country.

## Lies Told in Campaign

Unfortunately too, a great many lies are circulated about a man calculated to injure him when he gets into a campaign. For the purpose of having an opportunity to meet face to face any false charges about me for which my opponents stand sponsor and for purpose of discussing the issue, I shall invite both of them, provided the Democratic candidate stays on the track till then, to meet me about the first of September in joint discussion of the issues of this campaign and continue these discussions till the November Election.

Thanking my friends for past favors and support, and assuring them that victory is within our grasp if each man will do his duty, I am,

Sincerely,

CALEB POWERS.

After reading kindly hand to a friend.

## Discord.

The Musician—Hang it, Blink, don't you realize that one of your shoes squeaks in B flat and the other in G major?—Life.

## FOUND MYSTERY IN NOTE

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., Aug. 1—A bottle with a badly corroded metal top was found on the beach here today containing this note on an official wireless blank:

"April 16 1912, Midocean—Help! On a Raft. Titanic sinking. No water or food. MAJOR A BUTT."

On the other side of the blank was another signature, opposite a space marked on the official blank: "Major A. Butt; To officer in charge of the watch."

The authenticity of the note has not been established. The bottle was found by Joseph F. Alken, of North Attleboro; A. J. Loram, manager of the Cathedral Orchestra of New York City, and W. H. Jones, of No. 1044 Madison avenue, Paterson, N. J.

It has always been supposed that Major Butt sank with the Titanic.

## Two Houses Are Getting Together

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3—The compromise wool bill, agreed to by the House and Senate, repassed the House today, and will be taken up in the Senate at noon Monday. Senator La Follette gave notice he would call it up that time and ask for immediate action upon the conference report in which the two Houses agreed to a wool tariff on a raw wool duty of 29 per cent.

The Senate acceded to the Democratic-Progressive demand that the Canadian reciprocity repeal amendment be dropped from the iron and steel tariff bill. This action resulted in the repassage of the bill in the Senate; and the measure is now on its way to the President.

Conferences will be held early next week on the excise tax bill and the sugar tariff bill. On the former an agreement exists between the Senate Democrats and insurgents to endorse the repeal of all of the Canadian reciprocity law except the free print paper provision now in force. It is expected the House will meet this plan and adopt a compromise bill with out delay.

## SHERIFF'S SALE

J. M. Robinson, Norton & Co., Pltff.

Vs.

H. C. & M. E. Faulkner Defts.

I, S. H. Jones, sheriff of Knox County, will on Monday Aug., 26th between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., at the front door of the courthouse in Barbourville, Ky., sell at public outcry to the highest and best bidder, on a credit of six months with good security a certain lot on Main street in the city of Barbourville in Knox county, Ky., and bounded as follows: on the north by Joseph Newman, on the east by Main Street, on the south by H. C. Faulkner, on the west by lands of Mollie Gibson and levied on as the property of M. E. Faulkner. Also one lot in Barbourville, Knox County, Ky., bounded as follows: north by lands of M. E. Faulkner, east by Main Street, south by Baptist Church and on the west by lands of Mollie Gibson, and levied on as lands of H. C. Faulkner. Said Levy and sale are under and by virtue of execution No. 3602 which issued from the Knox Circuit Court on the 15 day of May 1912. The amount to be raised is \$252.12 with interest at the rate of 6 per cent from 28th day of March 1910; also \$5.08 with interest from 26th day of July 1910; also \$114.90 and interest at the rate of 6 per cent from 1st day of September 1910, and about \$40.00 probable cost.

Given under my hand this 8th day of August, 1912.

S. H. Jones, S. K. C.

## The Spire of Life.

Many men build as cathedrals were built—the part nearest the ground finished, but that part which soars toward heaven, the turrets and the spires, forever incomplete.—Henry Ward Beecher.

## BREAK IN COST OF LIVING BURDEN

"Financial World" Sees Deep  
Significance Behind the  
Late Downward Trend of  
Food Prices.

At last there has been a real breaking of the cost of living burdens which have borne so heavily on the American people for so many years, says an article in "The Financial World." The first signs come from the West, where there has been a veritable panic smash in the cost of all vegetables. This is due largely to the vastly larger crops of potatoes, and garden stuff of all sorts, including small fruits. Sugar is down from 1½ to 2 cents per pound below the season's high price, butter is 5 to 8 cents per pound cheaper, flour is off 50 to 75 cents per barrel, potatoes have crashed from \$2 per bushel to 75 cents, and a Chicago dispatch says that consuming interests are buying very sparingly of packing house products because of the brighter prospects for much lower prices for live stock the balance of the year.

The bright outlook for corn is another factor making for eagerness on the part of shippers to get rid of their holdings before the expected break comes. The fact is not to be lost sight of also that steel products show no great activity at the slightly risen prices and that the artificial rise in copper and tin have resulted in burning the fingers of many speculators. The reaction from the high prices evil is in full swing.

The rapid exhaustion of the buying power of the great masses of the public has been quite as much of a factor in bringing down prices as have the larger crops. Syndicates may warehouse food supplies, keeping them for a certain length of time in cold storage and force the public to pay exorbitant prices, but the time inevitably arrives when the people, exploited to the limit, through sheer necessity, and exhaustion of ability to buy freely, cut down their buying orders and the cold storage people begin to do the worrying. Then they commence to sell for what they can get, irrespective of whether further supplies are great or small. If, as seems to be the case at present, the supplies outside syndicate control are becoming larger and larger, so much the worse for the food cornerers.

Undoubtedly the cost of handling all food supplies at the great centers of trade activity is greater than ever before and a higher standard of excellence and quality of supplies being demanded, it is hardly to be expected that prices will ever again be as low as they were ten and fifteen years ago. It must be remembered that the marvelous growth of all our larger cities in the last decade, has led to a broad speculative movement in urban real estate.

Speculators have bought up small and large plots all around our big cities. These had been devoted to intensive farming, the raising of chickens, hogs, fruit and the small vegetables and supplies of these commodities from these nearby points have consequently steadily diminished and their cost increased because they have had to be brought in from distant points. The cost of handling has been greater, transportation charges have added to the price. All these products being perishable the risk of the shipper has been greater and this has helped in putting prices up another notch. Until some means can be devised to reduce this speculative movement in land and restore the conditions around our urban centers, to what they once were, a restoration of the cheap living era of fifteen years ago can not be expected. However the public will be grateful for the recent relief and trust it will go further.

## Breeding Shows for Itself.

College may teach you form—contact may brush some things away; but breeding, like a complexion, is more than a surface. Unless it's real, it only makes one wonder what's really underneath. When it is assumed, it's bound to wear off from time to time.—Herbert Kaufman.

## TONSORIAL PARLOR

Near Hotel Jones

If you want a good, clean shave, a neat hair cut or a shampoo, you will find no better place in town

Give them a call

Davis & Dizney, Props.

## THE NEW MIDDLESBORO HOTEL

MIDDLESBORO, KENTUCKY

Reopened for business under new management and recognized as one of the finest

## SUMMER RESORTS IN KENTUCKY

The patronage of commercial men solicited

RATES - \$2.00 and up

T. L. FIRESTONE, MGR.

## MOLES and WARTS

Removed with MOLESOFF, without pain or danger, no matter how large, or how far raised above the surface of the skin. And they will never return and no trace or scar will be left. MOLESOFF is applied directly to the MOLE or WART, which entirely disappears in about six days, killing the germ and leaving the skin smooth and natural.

MOLESOFF is put up only in One Dollar bottles

Each bottle is neatly packed in a plain case, accompanied by full directions, and contains enough remedy to remove eight or ten ordinary MOLES or WARTS. We sell MOLESOFF under a positive GUARANTEE if it fails to remove your MOLE or WART, we will promptly refund the dollar.

Florida Distributing Company Dept. A104  
Pensacola, Fla.



## Some Inducements

Substantial  
Low Priced  
Beautiful Finish  
High Grade  
Guaranteed

Stewart Iron Works Co.  
Cincinnati, O.

## FENCE

Robert W. Cole, Agent, Barbourville, Ky.

## 6—BIG DAYS—6 ...SEPTEMBER...

9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1912

.....AT THE.....

## Kentucky State Fair

LIBERAL PREMIUMS OFFERED

DAILY RACES--FREE ATTRACTIONS--CLEAN MIDWAY

## LIBERATI'S BAND

Farmer Boys School Encampment REDUCED RAILROAD RATES

For Information, Entry Blanks, Catalogue, Address

J. L. DENT, SECY.  
220 PAUL JONES BUILDING LOUISVILLE, KY.



## L. & N. Time Card

### North Bound

No. 22 Daily, due..... 10:40 a. m.  
No. 12 " except Sunday..... 1:02 p. m.  
No. 24 Daily, due..... 11:24 p. m.

### South Bound

No. 23 Daily, due..... 3:24 p. m.  
No. 11 " except Sunday..... 6:42 a. m.  
No. 21 Daily, due..... 3:45 a. m.

Street car leaves Hotel Jones twenty minutes before the scheduled time for trains.

## Professional Cards.

### Powers & Smith

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT

### LAW,

Barbourville, Kentucky.

### J. M. ROBSON

LAWYER.

OFFICE: Over First National Bank  
BARBOURVILLE, KY.

### GOLT STEELE

LAWYER

Office with Powers, Sampson and Smith

BARBOURVILLE, - - - KY.

### A. L. PARKER

DENTIST

OFFICE:—Up Stairs, in Parker Building.

BARBOURVILLE, KY.,

Phones: Office, 36.  
Residence, 96.

### DR. JAS. P. EDMONDS

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT  
EYES TESTED FOR GLASSES

At Hotel Jones 2nd and 4th  
Monday of each month.

BARBOURVILLE, KY.

### H. A. WILLIAMS

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Tenders his professional service to citizens of Knox County. Consultation and examination free.

CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY

Office at Mrs. Doan's residence, Main St.

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY.

WANTED.—50 boys to sell novelties in fairs, picnics, shows and ball games. Be first, write today. Send 10c for terms, postage, etc.

W. T. Hodgen, Box No. 232,  
Campbellsville, Ky.

## Nervous

"I was very nervous," writes Mrs. Mollie Mirse, of Carlsville, Ky., "had palpitation of the heart, and was irregular."

"On the advice of Mrs. Hattie Cain I took 2 bottles of Cardui and it did me more good than any medicine I ever took."

"I am 44 years old and the change has not left me, but I am lots better since taking Cardui."

## Take CARDUI

### The Woman's Tonic

Cardui is advertised and sold by its loving friends. The lady who advised Mrs. Mirse to take Cardui, had herself been cured of serious female trouble, by Cardui, so she knew what Cardui would do.

If Cardui cured Mrs. Cain and Mrs. Mirse, it surely will cure you too. Won't you try it? Please do.

## Miracle to Die August 30

Gov. McCreary fixed Friday, Aug 30, as the date for the execution of Cal Miracle, of Bell County, whose death sentence for murder was affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

## LOCALS

Mrs. F. D. Sampson and children are visiting her brother Dr. J. S. Steele, at Junction City this week.

"Mother" Cole left the first of the week for Red House for a visit to her daughter, Mrs. T. J. Kellems.

Miss Mary Terhune, of Huntington, Ind., is the charming guest of Miss Myrtle Cole in this city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Sampson, of Chicago, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sampson in this city.

Has your last baby a gold ring? It not take it to Parkes's and get one FREE! If the baby is under a year old.

Miss Una Gatliff, who has been visiting the Misses Barner in this city, returned home last Tuesday to Williamsburg.

Herndon & Tinsley are agents for the Reeves Vacuum Cleaner. Call and see one operated and you will at once buy.

Mrs. Millie Nash, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. L. G. Wesley, at Remington, Ind., returned home this week.

Miss Gertrude Coone returned to her home in Flat Lick last Monday after a few days visit to friends in this city.

FOR SALE—Farm 82 acres, near Baileys Switch, Ky., cheap for cash. Address C. H. JARVIS, Romine, Ky.

A Holliness Meeting is being conducted in a large tent on Allison Ave by Rev. Gill Dizney, and is having a large attendance.

Quite a number of Barbourville's young folks chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Kennedy are spending the week in camp near Artemus.

Henry Riley returned to his home at Lomonte, Mo., after spending a few days in this city on the account of the death of his sister, Miss Nan Riley, on Goose Creek.

Miss Myrtle Cole was the hostess of a jolly picnic party last Wednesday afternoon at Long Hill. Lunch was taken and served on the grounds and all report a very enjoyable time.

Germs of tuberculosis and many other diseases flourish in dry dust. The Reeves Vacuum Cleaner removes this dust without scattering and thereby provides the best kind of health insurance.

Misses Lenora and Nell Barner entertained last Friday at their home in Woodland a number of young ladies, with a six o'clock dinner, in honor of Miss Una Gatliff, of Williamsburg. A number of young men were invited out later in the evening and a delightful time was spent by all present.

### Indian Creek

E. F. Reese was in Barbourville Monday on business—Miss Sarah Parker, of Bryants Store, Ky, was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Helton several days the past week.

—Mrs. Oscar N. Prichard and son, Herbert, of King, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Cooper this week.—Messrs. John H. Mahan and Arthur C. Cooper were in Wilton Saturday.

—Several of the citizens of this place made a business trip to Barbourville Monday.—Miss Emma Cooper returned to her home Saturday from King after spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. Rosa Prichard.—Ben H. Campbell was the guest of his cousin, W. J. Moore, of Carlin Sunday.—Mr and Mrs. John Smith were in Wilton Saturday on business.—Miss Sadie Cooper spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Sarah Cooper.—J. H. Mahan was a guest of homefolks at Barbourville Sunday.—Parks Helton is very ill this week.—C. Helton was elected last Saturday as our next school trustee.

Rosebud.

The Better Knowledge.  
Today we know men by their works, not by their catechisms.

## Change of Schedule on C. V. Branch of L. & N.

Middlesborough, Ky.,  
July 30th, 1912.

Mountain Advocate  
Barbourville, Ky.

Gentlemen:—

For your information, I beg to advise that effective with new time table, Thursday August 1st, the schedule of train No. 23 will be changed to depart from Corbin 25 minutes later, in order to protect connection with train No. 32 from the South. On and after that date, No. 23 will leave Corbin at 3:10 P. M., arrive Barbourville 3:48, p. m., Pineville 4:25 p. m., Middlesborough 5:04 p. m., depart from Middlesborough at 5:15 p. m.

The new time table will also embrace some changes in the schedules of passenger trains operated between Middlesborough and Pineville and points on the W. & B. M. R. R., Harlan to Ages, a distance of five miles. This additional mileage will not materially change the present schedules. The lay-over at Benhan will be reduced from 35 to 25 minutes. The departure from Middlesborough and Pineville in the morning will be the same as at present, 6:40 a. m. and 7:33 a. m. respectively. On the afternoon trip, train No. 50 will arrive at Pineville at 4:20 p. m., train No. 51 will depart from Pineville at 4:40 p. m., arrive at Middlesborough 5:20 p. m. instead of 5:15 p. m. as heretofore.

The schedules of trains on the Straight Creek and Chenoa Branches have been changed to correspond with the changes made in the schedules of main line trains, and the connections to and from points on these branches will be the same as heretofore. Passengers from points on the division north of Pineville, using train No. 11, can connect at Pineville with train No. 47 for points on the W. & B. M. R. R.

Yours truly

O. B. Hollingsworth,  
Superintendent.

## NOTICE

### First Meeting of Creditors

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Kentucky.

In the matter of Columbus Nunn Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No 208. To the creditors of Columbus Nunn of Corbin, in Whitley County and District aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of August 1912 the said Columbus Nunn was duly adjudged bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at Barbourville, Ky., on the 17th day of August 1912 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

This 7th day of August 1912.  
W. W. TINSLEY  
Referee in Bankruptcy.

### Bull Moose Candidate Against Powers

H. H. Seavey, who for many years has been an employee of and connected with the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, and who, until recently lived in the state of Ohio, was nominated by the Bull Moose party, at the Corbin convention, as a candidate to oppose Caleb Powers.

### To Consumptives

Rev. Edward A. Wilson was cured by simple means of a severe throat and lung affection which developed into consumption. If you will write to Mr. Chas. A. Abbott, 60 Ann St., New York City, he will send you (FREE OF CHARGE) Mr. Wilson's full description of his cure. It will cost you nothing and may prove a blessing.  
5-24-12

## FAIR IS UNDER TWENTY HEADS

Kentucky's Big Show Is Divided Into Departments Under Efficient Chiefs

### THE ORGANIZATION IS IDEAL

Member of Board of Agriculture to be in Charge of Each Branch of Work Assisted by Competent Superintendent.

Twenty departments have been arranged for at the Kentucky State Fair this year and each department will be presided over by a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and in addition to the various departments having the personal supervision of a member of the board each has been provided with a competent superintendent, thus insuring to exhibitors and visitors alike careful attention. The following is the manner in which the departments have been arranged and the member of the board and the superintendent in charge of each: Horses, Commissioner J. W. Newman, member in charge, R. H. Lillard, Lawrenceburg, superintendent; Mules and Jack Stock, James M. Terry, Cynthiana, member, Guthrie M. Wilson, Bardonia, superintendent; Beef Cattle, R. J. Bassett, Leitchfield, member, W. R. Moorman, Jr., Glendean, superintendent; Dairy Cattle, M. A. Scovell, Lexington, member, E. A. Farra, Nicholasville, superintendent; Swine, J. L. Letterie, Harlids Creek, member, L. C. Owings, Jeffersontown, superintendent; Sheep and Goats, H. M. Froman, Ghent, member, W. T. Chilton, Campbellburg, superintendent; Poultry and Pigeons, J. W. Newman, member, J. L. Gribble, Louisville, superintendent; Vegetables and Melons, J. L. Letterie, member, Charles Scholtz, Jr., Louisville, superintendent; Field Seed and Grain, G. N. McGrew, Bayou, member, H. C. Lovelace, Boston, superintendent; Tobacco, James M. Terry, member, Judge Frank P. Sebree, Carrollton, superintendent; Horticulture, Fred R. Blackburn, Stanton, member, W. H. Clayton, Hebron, superintendent; Woman's Department, G. N. McGrew, member, Mrs. H. S. Vansant, Frankfort, superintendent; Farming Implements, R. J. Bassett, Leitchfield, member, F. M. McKee, Versailles, superintendent; Forestry and Minerals, Fred R. Blackburn, member, George S. Lee, Carrollton, superintendent; Students Judging Contest, J. W. Newman, member, Prof. J. J. Hooper, Lexington, superintendent; Education, H. M. Froman, Ghent, member, Mrs. John L. Woodbury, Louisville, superintendent; Dairy Products, Fred R. Blackburn, member, Prof. J. J. Hooper, Lexington, superintendent. For the department for plants and flowers C. R. Van Meter, of Lebanon, will be the member in charge and he will also be in charge of the racing department, while in the dog department Prof. M. A. Scovell will be the member having direct supervision.

Already the members in charge of the various departments as well as the superintendents have gone to work to assist Secretary Dent and Assistant Secretary L. B. Shropshire in arranging for the exhibits in their departments and from now until the gates are thrown open to the public the morning of Monday, September 9, these officials will be kept busy completing the details for the big show.

### BENCH SHOW A FEATURE

Of Kentucky State Fair—Will Probably Be Greatest Dog Display Ever Seen in State.

Perhaps the biggest and best dog show ever seen in Kentucky, will be witnessed at the Kentucky State Fair the week of September 9-14. Heretofore the dog show feature of the State Fair has been confined exclusively to collies, but this year the management has decided to have a bench show for all breeds of dogs, and to that end dog fanciers throughout the state have been invited to participate in the show. Since the invitations were first issued by the management through the press several weeks ago many of the fanciers in every section of the state have joined the movement to make this feature of the fair a success. It is doubtful if there is a breed of dog known to this section of the county that is not bred and raised in Kentucky, and it is the purpose of the officials of the fair to have every breed represented. For several years the breeders of dogs, other than collies, have endeavored to interest the management of the State Fair in a bench show that would include all breeds. The bench show will be under the personal supervision of a man who is well versed in the breeding of dogs, and valuable prizes will shortly be named, to be distributed to the winners in the various classes.

The show will be held under the rules of the American Kennel Club. A bench show with the approval of the American Kennel Club will more than likely attract high-class dogs from New York, Chicago and all parts of the country.



**REMINGTON-UMC**

**AUTOLOADING SHOTGUN**

For singles—trap or field—just toss in a shell, press the button and—"PULL." The side bolt makes it easy. You don't have to tug at the barrel or watch an on-and-off device. The action stays open after each single shot is fired. It always stays open when the magazine is empty. Five shots—three to get the cripples—each under absolute control of the trigger finger. The recoil reloads for you—kicks another shell in; takes the strain off the gun—the discomfort out of the kick—all without diminishing the drive behind the shot.

Simple take-down—a few turns of the readily handled magazine screw-cap makes cleaning, carrying and interchange of barrels quick and easy.

Send for a motion picture booklet telling how the kick is used—how a friction device found only on the Remington-UMC Auto-loading Shotgun takes the punishment out of heavy loads.

Write to-day.  
**REMINGTON ARMS - UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO.**  
299 Broadway 7 New York City

## McNeil & Gilbert Business College

W. E. MCNEIL - T. J. GILBERT

Barbourville, Kentucky

All persons contemplating taking a commercial course should call on or write W. E. McNeil, Barbourville, Ky., for particulars

**Session Begins September 2nd**  
Located on Second Floor of Lawson Building

## State Normal

### A TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

**COURSES** Preparatory, State Certificate, Life Diploma, County Certificate, Review and Special

Summer Term Opens June 13

EXPENSES VERY LOW

TUITION FREE To APPOINTEES

ASK ABOUT IT. ARTISTIC CATALOGUE FREE

Address J. G. CRABBE, President, Richmond, Ky.

### MAGAZINES NOVELS

### SHEET MUSIC BOOKS

## CITY NEWS STAND & BARBER SHOP

Fred W. Hemphill, Mgr.

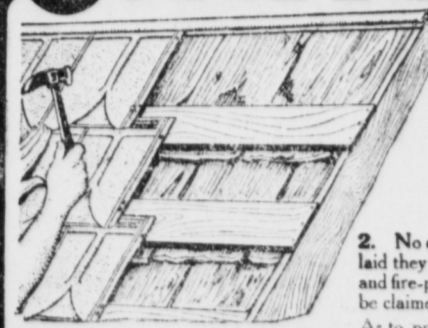
OLD BANK BUILDING

TELEPHONE 69

### GIGARS TOBACCO

### AUTOMOBILE SERVICE LAUNDRY, DRY CLEANING

## CORTRIGHT



### METAL SHINGLES LAID RIGHT OVER OLD WOOD SHINGLES

2. No dirt—no bother, and when once laid they make a thoroughly storm-proof and fire-proof roof, neither of which can be claimed for the wood shingle.

As to price—they cost no more than a good wood shingle, and in some places they cost much less.

Roofs put on 25 years ago are as good as new today, and have never needed repairs.  
J. H. BLACKBURN, Agent, BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY  
You will do well to consult him before purchasing your roofing.



### G. W. TYE

Livery, Sale & Feed

### TABLE

CORN, HAY, OATS AND OTHER STOCK FEED.

Nice Rigs, Fat Horses.

Cause and Effect.  
Miss Elizabeth Marbury, a New York theatrical agent, was condemning the shrewish, scolding type of woman. "You can always tell her," said Miss Marbury. "If you can't tell her in one way you can tell her in another. I said to a woman the other Sunday: 'Why, my dear, how hoarse you are!' 'Yes,' she answered angrily, 'my husband was out late last night.'"

Youthful Grandmother.  
Probably the youngest grandmother in the world is Mme. Kuni Medzukami, the wife of a farmer in the province of Idza, Japan. The woman, who is now 28 years old, was married when she was 13. She has a daughter fifteen years old who was married a year ago and has given birth to a son. Mme. Medzukami's grandmother is still alive at the age of 92.



## VAST IMPROVEMENTS

PLANNED BY OFFICIALS OF STATE FAIR IN BUILDING EQUIPMENT.

New Grand Stand is Twice the Size of Old One and is Magnificent Structure.

With the greatest line of exhibits in the way of live stock as well as of all other products of which the state is famous, already guaranteed for the Kentucky State Fair this year, it is the prediction of those in charge of the arrangements that the exhibition to be held the week of September 9-14 inclusive, will be the biggest and best ever seen in the South or Middle West, and that it will mark an epoch in the history of agricultural and live stock exhibitions. Not since the Kentucky State Fair was inaugurated ten years ago has the same amount of interest been shown in the event as that being taken this year by the officials and the public spirited citizens throughout the State, insuring the greatest fair, from an artistic and display standpoint at least, in the history of the institution.

Chief among the improvements at the Fair Grounds this year, will be that of the enlarged grandstand which, when completed the latter part of August, will be twice the size of the stand that has been used to accommodate the crowds the past four years. The new addition to the stand will be of the same concrete construction as the part now standing and when completed the stand will have a seating capacity of five thousand people.

## VAUDEVILLE SHOWS

OF HIGH GRADE WILL BE GIVEN AT STATE FAIR AT NIGHT.

Trained Stallions and Elephants Among Remarkable Evening Attractions September 9-14.

The big night show at the Kentucky State Fair this year will be the most elaborate ever prepared by the management of the institution. Believing that night patrons of the fair would rather witness high-class amusement than to spend their time in walking over the grounds in a vain effort to see many of the exhibits which naturally close at night, Secretary Dent has secured some of the most noted acts known to the show world, which will be seen in the magnificently lighted livestock pavilion each night, beginning at 8 o'clock. The management has gone to an expense of \$5,000 to guarantee this list of attractions, among which will be seen Herzog's performing stallions, six in number and jet black and regarded as the most famous animal act in the world. The five Merkel Sisters, noted female acrobats; The Okuras, Japanese wonders; The Whirling Erffords, styled the "Human Butterflies"; Robinson's five performing elephants; The Eddy Family in two highly sensational acts; The Hengler Troupe of Russian Dogs, and other acts equally as high class. In addition to this high-class line of amusements visitors to the night show will also witness the best rings for light harness and saddle horses ever given in Kentucky. In addition to the \$1,000 stake for five-gaited saddlers other rich rings for all other classes, in both saddlers and harness horses, will be contested each night during the week. Because of the enormous expense to which the management has gone in preparing for the big night show feature of the fair it has been decided to charge an admission of twenty-five cents to the pavilion at night. This price will entitle the visitors to any seat in the big auditorium except the boxes. For this sum they will witness the most famous American and European acts now before the public.

## MIDWAY ATTRACTIONS

Best in History of Fair—Nothing Offensive to Decency or of Freak Nature To Be Allowed.

The midway attractions to be featured at the State Fair this year will be far and above the average, as it is the purpose of the management to provide only the best for the patrons of the Kentucky institution. In order to carry out such an arrangement Secretary J. L. Dent will visit the shows two weeks before the date of the Kentucky State Fair, which is the week of September 9-14, and make a personal inspection with a view of eliminating any and all unattractive or freak features. The shows engaged for the fair are the Mazzeppa and United Shows combined, and this name in itself is sufficient to guarantee a high-class and clean line of attractions, but to make it doubly sure Secretary Dent has planned the personal inspection to satisfy himself. It is the purpose of the management to provide such a line of side-shows that parents can let their children visit the shows, day and night, without the attendance of older members of the family.

In order to further carry out this feature of the program, the management has contracted with a number of well-known Kentuckians to be stationed both on the inside and outside of each of the midway attractions during the week to look after the welfare of the patrons, and to see that nothing is said or done that would in the least offend the eye or ear of any person within the inclosure.

## Rules Jefferson Lived By

The hundred and sixty-eighth anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was celebrated with a big banquet in Indianapolis April 13. In this connection Jefferson's ten rules of life, which follow, will be of interest:

1. Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.
2. Never trouble another for what you can do yourself.
3. Never spend money before you have it.
4. Never buy what you do not want because it is cheap; it will be dear to you.
5. Pride costs us more than hunger, thirst and cold.
6. We never repent of having eaten too little.
7. Nothing is troublesome that we do willingly.
8. How much pain have cost us the evils which have never happened.
9. Take things away by their smooth handle.
10. When angry, count ten before you speak; if very angry, a hundred.

Here are some of the great principles of government advocated by Mr. Jefferson in his first inaugural address, March 4, 1801:

Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever state of persuasion, religious or political.

Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none.

The support of the state governments in all their rights as the most



Grave of the Author of the Declaration of Independence.

competent administrations for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwarks against anti-republican tendencies.

The preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad.

A jealous care of the right of election by the people.

A mild and safe corrective of abuses which are lopped by the sword of revolution, where peaceable remedies are unprovided.

Absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority, the vital principles of republics, from which there is no appeal but to force the vital principle and immediate parent of despotism.

A well disciplined militia, our best reliance and for the first moments of war until regulars may relieve them.

The supremacy of the civil over the military authority—economy in the public expense, that labor may be lightly burdened.

The honest payment of our debts and sacred preservation of the public faith.

The diffusion of information and arraignment of all abuses at the bar of public reason.

Freedom of religion, freedom of the press, and freedom of person under the protection of habeas corpus.

Trial by jury impartially elected. These principles form the bright constellation which has gone before us, and guided our steps through an age of revolution and reformation. The wisdom of our sages and blood of our heroes have been devoted to their attainment; they should be the creed of our political faith; the text of civic instruction; the touchstone by which to try the service of those we trust; and should we wander from them in moments of error or of alarm, let us hasten to retrace our steps and to regain the road which alone leads to peace, liberty and safety.

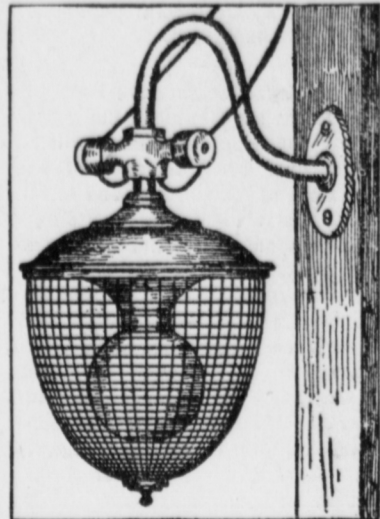
"The Fourth." "A century and more has passed, and as the foundations of this government are more firmly settled, as the structure reared by the fathers now spans the continent from ocean to ocean; and has victoriously established its right to be, political liberty has ceased to be the mere dream of the enthusiast, and has become the everyday fact of the men of thought and action in the world. This was the first step; and we are here to glory in it, and to boast of those ancestors who suffered and toiled and fought to accomplish it."—David J. Brewer.

## The ELECTRICAL WORLD

FOR CALLING A POLICEMAN

Signal Lights Installed in Many Canadian Cities for Communication With Man on Beat.

This picture illustrates the way police signal lights are installed in Toronto and several other Canadian cities to enable the stations to get into almost instant touch with patrolmen



Police Signal Light.

on the beat says the Popular Electrician.

Closing a switch on the station operator's desk turns on the light which is red and rings gongs on one beat or over a wide area as desired. The attention of the officer on the beat is at once attracted; he opens his box with a special key, answers the telephone call and receives his instructions.

## ROUT THUGS BY ELECTRICITY

Nothing Has Done More to Lessen Crime and Depravity in New York Than Lighting of Streets.

A glowing tribute to electricity as "the best policeman" and "the sworn foe of crooks" appeared, editorially, in the New York Evening World, as follows:

"Ghosts have fled before the electric light, according to a physician lecturer. Ghosts have disappeared just in proportion as our means of lighting have increased," said the doctor, and went on to point out that until 1825 people used mainly candles, which, so far from lighting up, make shadows and dark corners all the blacker. Moreover, in the old days of draughty corridors and creaking staircases people lay in bed in the dark, listening to noises and imagining spirits. Now we turn on the electric light and that is the end of them.

"We owe much to the electric light. It has cleared up the slums of our cities. It has gone into the fearsome byways and alleys and flooded them with safety and purity. It has routed thugs, prowlers and many other powers of darkness. Perhaps nothing has ever done more to lessen crime and depravity than the street lighting, made possible by the wide use of electricity in cities.

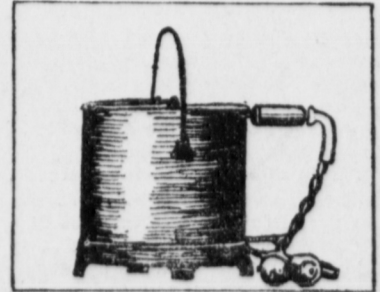
"The electric light is the best policeman on earth. It is the sworn foe of crooks. If it is clearing out the spooks as well, the more credit to it."

## ELECTRIC GLUE POT IS SAFE

Device Can Be Used in Factories Among Inflammable Material Without Slightest Danger.

Book binderies, piano factories, brush factories and so on will find the electric glue pot invaluable, according to a Detroit manufacturer.

"There is no risk of fire," he said, "as with pots heated by gas or gasoline."



Electric Glue Pot.

The electric pot may safely be used among shavings or other inflammable material, without the slightest danger of fire.

Other advantages claimed for this device are its portability, economy, cleanliness and perfect heat regulation.

## Electric Soldering Irons.

The electric soldering iron has been adopted, to the exclusion of all others, in one of the largest canning factories in this country.

The saving in labor, cleanliness and efficiency are given as the reasons for the adoption of the electric soldering iron.

## Industries Electrified.

Many of the great industries of the country have been electrified. The woodworking plants, cotton mills, steel plants, machine shops and factories of all kinds have adopted the electric motor.

## ELECTRICITY FOR FARM USE

Great Variety of Devices Which Outfit of Motors Would Drive Shown at Recent Land Show.

At a recent land show, held in New York city, an electric manufacturing company showed, with the co-operation of manufacturers of farming machinery, just what can be done with electricity on the farm. The great variety of devices which the outfit of motors would drive may be seen from the following list:

The farm's water supply was furnished by an automatic pump.

A refrigerating machine, milk cooler, cream separator, automatic churn and butter worker, bottle washer and ice cream freezer were installed with separate motors in the dairies.

An electric truck provided for the transportation.

A large threshing machine, with motor drive, illustrated what could be accomplished by the application of motors for outdoor machinery.

Corn shellers and feed choppers equipped with individual motors showed how the smaller machines may be operated.

Types of laundry machinery driven by individual motors.

An electrically driven milking machine.

A silo with an accompanying motor-driven silo filler was exhibited.

A sheep shearer, electrically driven through a flexible shaft. This device could also be used for grooming horses or cattle.

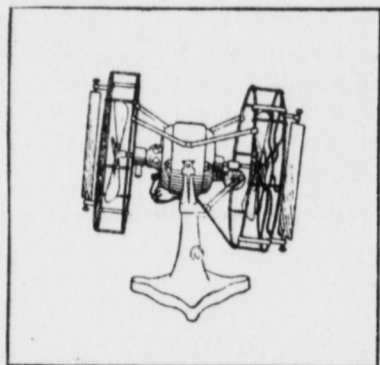
Ventilating fans, household equipment, cooking devices and the supplanting of the old oil-dripping lantern by electric lamps or an electric torch completed this unique exhibit.

In practically every place where muscular energy has hitherto been expended on the farm, electricity is taking its place. The use of electricity is such a constant source of economy that a complete equipment soon pays for itself.

## UNIQUE ELECTRIC DESK FAN

Two Sets of Blades Are Employed Instead of One and in Addition Has Seesaw Motion.

An electric desk fan with two sets of blades instead of one has recently appeared on the market. It revolves in a circle, and, in addition, the fans tilt or seesaw while the head revolves



New Desk Fan.

says the Popular Mechanic. The seesaw motion of the fans is obtained by setting the vanes on the guards so that one vane acts against the other. The speed with which the vane tilts cannot be varied, but the amount of tilt can be regulated by a setscrew on the arm of the gear.

## ELECTRICAL NOTES

A flash of lightning has been known to cure a case of neuritis.

Portugal has a new three per cent. ad valorem duty on telephone poles.

Several wireless stations in the West Indies are operated by wind power.

It is claimed that there is less shrinkage of meats when cooked by electricity.

The telephone line across the Isthmus of Panama is strung on old railroad tracks.

The automatic telephone service is a success in Havana, where they are 7,000 subscribers.

Electric ovens are used in Zurich, Switzerland, and in New York city for conditioning milk.

The government of Uruguay plans to make the telephone business of that country a state monopoly.

New Zealand now has over 2,760 miles of railway. Electrification of certain sections is now under contemplation.

Electric lamps for use in mines was first designed for rescue work, but now they are extensively used by the miners.

White ants in Australia have developed an appetite for the lead covering and insulation of cables which is proving costly to telephone companies.

A telephone small enough to be carried in the vest pocket and which can be attached to connections provided in public places is an English invention.

A Baltimorean has invented an ironing board in which electro magnets, to which current is switched by a foot lever, pull down a light iron to do the same work as a heavy one.

That the telephone exchange attendants of Paris are much older than those of the United States is said to account for the fact that there is greater delay in securing calls.

A trolley line, an electric lighting service and bicycle police are among the additional modern improvements promised for Jerusalem. The ancient city is already equipped with telephones.

## A Trolley-Car Wedding

By EMMA LIBBEY

(Copyright, 1912, by Associated Literary Press.)

"I hate to see the old car broken up, Mr. Barton. When you get the new car I want to buy the old trap and make a playhouse for the kiddies. You know it is very dear to me!"

Seeing the look of surprise in my face, Jimmy, one of the two conductors of our little trolley line employed, explained himself.

"I forgot, Mr. Barton, that you had been super of this road only two years. I have been on it for ten and I hope it will be many years more before I am through pulling the bell. But do you think I can get the old car?"

Realizing that Jimmy could tell me a tale that might pass away a tedious hour in the evening, I bargained. "Sure, Jimmy. I can fix it so you can get the old car. We were only going to use it for a tool shed. Run into the office between trips tonight and tell me what makes the old car so dear to you and we will call it payment."

With a smiling nod and a "Thank you," Jimmy swung up the road to the pleasant little home where a glad-eyed wife and two little ones were eagerly awaiting him.

That evening, in the long wait before the night trip from the beach the story came.

"There was very little to it, Mr. Barton, but it was my salvation. I was twenty years old when I first pulled the bell cord here. I had been expelled from college, and during two years of a roving life that I led after that, my mother died and I had no ties to bind me to any spot.

"I dropped down to the little beach here on a lobster smack, and the quietness of the place appealed



"Do You Think I Can Get the Old Car?"

to me. When I learned that a conductor was wanted I grabbed at the chance to pull in two dollars a day.

"The five-mile trip through the pine woods satisfied me for a year and then the old restlessness returned and I found myself ready to jump at the first temptation that presented itself.

"About that time little Ellen came. She lived with Bill Jonson and his wife, a slatternly appearing couple, who lived in a little three-room house on a rented acre of land, and lived from hand to mouth, the husband doing just work enough to keep starvation away.

"Ellen was a bright-eyed fifteen-year-old lass when she first came, although she appeared even younger. She took my fancy at once, and when she asked me to tell her where Jonson's place was I took special care of her. During a few minutes' talk on the long trip she told me that her parents were dead and that Bill Jonson was her guardian until she was eighteen years of age.

"As the months sped by I found myself feeling lonesome when she skipped a day in riding. Nearly two years had passed when I suddenly realized that Ellen was a sweet young woman, and that I was unwittingly glad to discover that the child had grown up.

"During the next few months I saw less than ever of her, but could

see that she was becoming thin and sad-faced. One morning I asked her if she was feeling sick, and tears filled her eyes as she confessed to me that she was in trouble. It took but a little coaxing to get the story from her.

"Her father had left a foolish will, leaving his little property to her if she married before she was eighteen. If she did not marry by that time the money would go to his brother, Bill Jonson. She would then be dependent on his charity, and in a drunken moment he had told her they proposed to leave town as soon as he had the money in his possession, and would leave her to shift for herself.

"I promised to think the matter over and give her my advice when she returned in the afternoon. During the next trip I nerved myself to a confession, and when she stepped on the car in the afternoon, I knew that life without her would be a miserable one for me.

"The other passengers had left the car when I sat down beside her, and in the few minutes left me I told her of my love and asked her to marry me and outwit her uncle. To my surprise she smiled and softly whispered that she had been waiting for over a year to hear me ask that question.

"I took out my license the next day and in some manner the fact reached Jonson's ear. As I passed her house in the afternoon, Ellen rushed out, with Jonson after her. She swung on board before the car stopped and he was left behind, swearing lustily.

"Her uncle had locked her in her room, hoping to hold her until her birthday had passed, but she had jumped out of her window, and now it was up to me to do something.

"Parson Goodyear, who was fond of the girl, came to me and learned the story, and his quick wits solved the matter. Looking at my license, he turned to Ellen and said, 'Do you take this man to be your husband?' A whispered 'Yes' set my heart throbbing, and a moment later I realized that I had said some words, and the good parson was solemnly saying, 'What God hath joined together let not man put asunder.'

"That evening Jonson came to get his niece, but when he found she was my wife, he gave up his efforts and soon left the town. Ellen used her money to buy the little home, and her love and the kiddies that have come make me feel that this job and my happy home satisfy my ambition."

The little home is still there, and at one side is an old street car, gayly painted, and bearing the words "Happy Thoughts." Around the door are not two but four children.

I am frequently an invited guest of the children at their merrymakings, and find that the little car is as dear to Jimmy and his wife as it is to the little ones, who call it their cubby house, and share it with a stubby-tailed yellow dog.

## USE FOR OLD DOORMATS.

At the Royal Horticultural hall yesterday, though the hall was full of beautiful flowers—roses and carnations and primulas, etc.—the most interesting exhibit was tucked away in a corner of an annex. "Mustard grown on an old doormat on a roof in Victoria street," was the inscription. It was quite a fine crop and seems to solve the problem of what to do with old doormats.—London Chronicle.

## IN GOTHAM.

Customer—Waiter, this egg is not what it should be.

Waiter (should minded)—New York is full of temptations, sir.—Satire.

## PARRIED.

"Miss Kitty, you look nice enough to eat."

"I hope so, Mr. Squinchley; you don't think I'd go out to eat without slicking myself up a little, do you?"

## ITS CAUSE.

"What a dejected lot of cows on that dairy farm!"

"H'm! I suppose that is why the milk which comes from it is so blue."

## NATURALLY.

"There is a great sensation at the jail. All the prisoners have broken out."

"How did that happen?" "An epidemic of measles."